

WHY NAPA® TEMP HOSE ASSEMBLIES

O.E. FIT & FORM TECHNICIANS CHOICE



Hose assemblies play an important role in A/C system performance by carrying refrigerant and lubrication from one component to another. Poor manufacturing could lead to restricted refrigerant and oil flow to the compressor, resulting in catastrophic system failure. As a basic manufacturer, we engineer, develop and test in house to ensure a quality product.

THE NAPA TEMP® DIFFERENCE

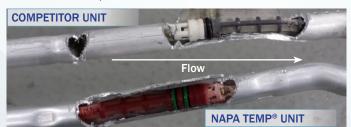
NAPA TEMP® P/N TEM 282771



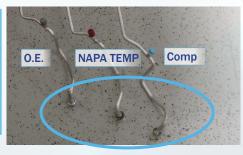


Competitor unit has wrong bend leading to the accumulator. This forces the installer to twist and manipulate the line in order to install on the vehicle, which may cause damage and stress to hose and crimps.

NAPA TEMP® P/N TEM 282530



Competitor orifice tube installed backwards, preventing it from filtering debris properly.



Competitor design does not match the O.E. line design causing the installer to torque the fitting to the condenser, creating stress to the line.

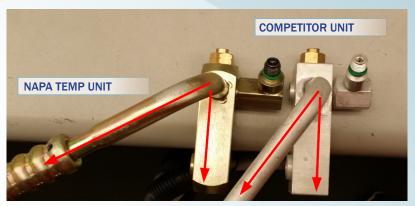
O.E. FIT & FORM TECHNICIANS CHOICE

THE NAPA TEMP® DIFFERENCE CONT.

NAPA TEMP® P/N TEM 282815

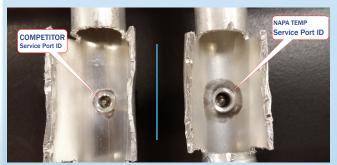


Competitor service port inner diameter is smaller than the NAPA Temp® unit. This will increase the time it takes to charge the system and force the installer to use older style gauge fittings to do so.



Competitor incorrect angle from the manifold block will cause installer to manipulate line in order to install.

NAPA TEMP® P/N TEM 200761



Competitor service port inner diameter is smaller than the NAPA Temp[®] unit, increasing system charge time.

NAPA TEMP® P/N TEM 200131



Competitors manifold inner diameter is smaller than the NAPA Temp® and the O.E. unit, restricting oil and refrigerant flow.

NAPA TEMP® P/N TEM 282541

Competitor line has incorrect (larger) orifice tube. This effects the cooling of the evaporator and possibly cause it to flood.

